

# Pulldown™ Anti-HA Magnetic beads & Kits

Cat #: D-AKE2044

Size:

1. Beads: 1 mL/5 mL

2. Kits: 20T / 100T

Storage: Store according to the recommended storage conditions of each component, stable for 12

months

# Part 1, Anti-HA Magnetic beads

## **Antibody Product Infomation**

Name: Magnetic Beads, Anti-HA Tag Mouse Mab Antibody(4F6)

Formulation: 1 mg of Antibody coupled to 1 mL of packed Magnetic beads

**Applications: IP** 

Reactivity: Mammals, Bacteria

Storage: Store at 4°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze-thaw or centrifugation

**Storage Buffer:** Suspended in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% Sodium Azide as preservative.

Capacity: ≥0.6 mg HA-Tag protein/mL Magnetic Beads

Beads Concentration: 20 mg/mL

## **Assay Principle**

Anti-HA Tag Magnetic Beads are prepared by covalently coupling Anti-HA Tag Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to crosslinked Magnetic Beads, useful for detection and capture of fusion proteins containing a HA peptide sequence by commonly used immunoprecipitation procedures. The coupling technique is optimized to give a high binding capacity for HA-Tag protein.





# **Reagent Required but Not Supplied**

Elution Buffer: 0.1 M Glycine-HCl pH 3.0.

Neutralization Buffer: 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5.

# **Assay Procedure**

#### A.Preparation of magnetic beads

Note: Per 500  $\mu$ L of protein sample add 20  $\mu$ L Magnetic Beads. Perform the following procedures, according to add 20  $\mu$ L Magnetic Beads.

(1)Add Magnetic Beads to a 1.5 mL centrifuge tube. Place the centrifuge tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant.

(2)Add 1 mL 1×TBS to re-suspend Magnetic Beads, place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant, repeat 3 times. Add 20 µL 1×TBS to re-suspend Magnetic Beads.

#### **B.Immunoprecipitation**

(1)Add 500  $\mu$ L protein samples to the processed Magnetic Beads, and incubate at room temperature for 1-2 h or overnight at 4°C (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation).

(2) Place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant.

(3) Add 1 mL 1×TBS, and re-suspend Magnetic Beads, place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant, repeat 3-5 times, until OD280 of the supernatant is lesser than 0.05.

(4) Elution

a) Denatured elution: This method is suitable for SDS-PAGE and Western Blotting analysis of elution samples. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to the tube and mix well, incubate at 100°C for 5 min, then Centrifuge at 800 rpm for 1 min, and collect the supernatant to a new tube for SDS-PAGE and Western Blotting analysis.

b) Competitive elution of peptide: This method can maintain their original biological activity, elution can be used for functional analysis. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) HA Peptide (0.1-0.2  $\mu$ g/mL) to the tube and mix well, incubate at 4°C for 1-2 h (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation), then centrifuge at 800 rpm for 2 min at 4°C, and collect the supernatant which is HA-Tag protein and its complex to a new tube. In order to improve the elution efficiency, the incubation time can be Increased or repeat elution. Place HA-Tag protein and its

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complex on ice to be used, or store at  $-20\,^{\circ}$  C/ $-80\,^{\circ}$  C for long-term. It is recommended to add 100  $\mu$ L 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to beads precipitation to test the effect of immunoprecipitation and elution.

c) Acid elution: This method can maintain their original biological activity, elution can be used for functional analysis. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) Elution Buffer to the tube and mix well, incubate at room temperature for 5-10 min (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation), then centrifuge at 800 rpm for 2 min at 4°C, and collect the supernatant which is HA-Tag protein and its complex to a new tube, and immediately add 10  $\mu$ L Neutralization Buffer to adjust the pH to 7.0-8.0. In order to improve the elution efficiency, elution can be repeated, and combine the same samples. Place HA-Tag protein and its complex on ice to be used, or store at -20 ° C/-80 ° C for long-term. It is recommended to add 100  $\mu$ L 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to beads precipitation to test the effect of immunoprecipitation and elution.

Note: a) For a few samples, due to differences in target proteins, the binding of HA-Tag and Anti-HA antibody is very strong, and the effect of Acid elution and Competitive elution of peptide may be poor. Therefore, SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer denaturation elution method is recommended as a priority; b) Due to the difference of target protein, the elution efficiency of acid elution method also varies to some extent. If the requirement of elution efficiency is high, the pH value of acidic eluent can be adjusted appropriately between 2.5-3.1, and the pH value or quantity of corresponding neutralizing solution should be adjusted appropriately. For example, 100 µL Acid Elution Buffer (0.1 M Glycine-HCl, pH 2.8) and 15 µL Neutralizing Buffer (1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5).





# Part 2, Anti-HA Magnetic IP Kits

#### **KIT Product Infomation**

Name: Pulldown™ Anti-HA Magnetic IP Kit

**Applications: IP** 

Reactivity: Mammals, Bacteria

Capacity: ≥0.6 mg HA-Tag protein/mL Magnetic Beads

Beads Concentration: 20 mg/mL

Storage: Store according to the recommended storage conditions of each component, stable for 12 months

## **Assay Principle**

Anti-YPYDVPDYA-Tag (HA-Tag) Magnetic Beads are prepared by covalently coupling Anti-HA-Tag Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to crosslinked Magnetic Beads, useful for detection and capture of fusion proteins containing a HA-Tag peptide sequence by commonly used immunoprecipitation procedures. The Optimized Anti-HA Magnetic Beads have more efficient antigen binding capacity. According to the structure, biological function and subsequent application requirements of the target protein, this kit provides three elution methods, including competitive elution of peptide, acid elution and denatured elution. Especially by using HA peptide elution and acid elution will not contain heavy chain and light chain of antibody, which could effectively avoid the interference of heavy chain and light chain of antibody in Western Blotting experiment after immunoprecipitation.





# **Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions**

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Kit components		20 T	100 T	Storage conditions	
Part 1 of 2	Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer	20 mL	100 mL	4°C	
	TBS (10×)	20 mL	100 mL	4°C	
	Anti-HA Magnetic Beads	0.4 mL	2 mL	4°C, Avoid freeze	
	Mouse IgG Magnetic Beads	80 μL	400 μL	4°C, Avoid freeze	
	Elution Buffer	2 mL	10 mL	4°C	
	Neutralization Buffer	0.2 mL	1 mL	4°C	
Part 2 of 2	HA Peptide (25×)	80 μL	80 μL×5	-20°C	
	SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer (5×)	1 mL	2 mL×2	-20°C	

# **Materials Required but Not Supplied**

- ·Magnetic Separation Rack
- ·Vertical rotating mixer
- ·Freezing Centrifuge
- ·Precision Pipettes, Disposable Pipette Tips
- ·Deionized Water
- ·PBS Buffer
- ·Dounce homogenizer (for tissues)

### **Reagent Preparation**

**Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer:** Native protein lysis buffer, extract protein for IP samples. Ready to use as supplied. Place it on ice for use. Store at 4°C.

1×TBS: Add Deionized Water to the 10×TBS and dilute the 10×TBS to 1×TBS before use. Store at 4°C.





**Anti-HA Magnetic Beads:** Ready to use as supplied. Store at 4°C, Avoid frozen.

**Mouse IgG Magnetic Beads:** Ready to use as supplied. Store at 4°C, Avoid frozen.

Elution Buffer: Ready to use as supplied. Store at 4°C. Used for acid elution of non-denatured proteins.

**Neutralization Buffer:** Ready to use as supplied. Store at 4 ° C. Used for neutralize acid elution of non-denatured

proteins.

Working HA Peptide: Add 1×TBS to HA Peptide (25×), the dilute factor is 25 times, then obtain Working HA Peptide,

place it on ice to be used. Used for competitive elution of non-denatured proteins. Store at -20°C.

**SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer (5×):** Ready to use as supplied. Store at -20°C.

Note: (1) Protease inhibitors are not necessarily added, it is recommended that different types of protease inhibitors

should be added to the Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer according to the experimental requirements; (2) It is

recommended to use the centrifugal tube with low adsorption for experiment, which can reduce the adhesion of

magnetic beads to the centrifugal tube wall. Adding 0.01%-0.1%(V/V) non-ionic detergent (such as Triton X-100,

Tween-20 or NP-40) to 1×TBS can also effectively reduce the adhesion of centrifugal tubes to magnetic beads.

## **Assay Procedure**

A.Preparation of protein samples

Note: Prepare a certain amount of sample proteins, which were used as whole cell lysate (WCL) for subsequent

Western Blotting detection.

1.Extract protein for Cell Samples:

(1)Collect cells (Adherent cells: 80% to 90% of monolayer cells were grown in a 10 cm cell culture dish. Remove the

medium and wash with PBS once; Suspended cells: Collect 5×106 cells by centrifugation and washed by PBS once.

(2)Add 0.5-1 mL ice-cold Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer to cells, lytic cells at 4°C for 5 min. During the process, the pipette

is used to blow the mixture repeatedly, transfer cell suspension to a new tube.

(3)Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 10 min at 4°C, collect supernatant.

2.Extract protein for Tissue Samples:

(1)Tissue Samples: Weigh 0.1 g of tissue and add 1 mL Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer, Homogenize tissue with Dounce

homogenizer. (If the protein concentration is low, reduce the volume of Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer).

(2)Transfer the homogenate to a new tube, lytic samples at 4°C for 5 min.



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(3)Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 10 min at 4°C, collect supernatant.

3.Extract protein for Bacteria Samples:

(1)Collect bacteria by centrifugation (1,2000 rpm for 2 min at 4°C) and washed by PBS once.

(2)Per mL bacteria add 100-200  $\mu$ L Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer, Ultrasonic break in ice 5 min (power 20% or 200 W,

ultrasonic 3 s, interval 7 s, repeat 30 times).

(3)Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 10 min at 4°C, collect supernatant.

Note: (1) The sample must contain HA-tag protein and its complex; (2) For Immunoprecipitation, fresh samples are

preferred; (3) In Immunoprecipitation experiments, the affinity between different antigen and antibody is different,

and the binding of antigen to antibody is also affected by lysis buffer and wash buffer. If the Non-Denaturing Lysis

Buffer does not provide the best experimental results, it is recommended to optimize the operation details or screen

and prepare suitable by lysis buffer and wash buffer for experiment

**B.Preparation of magnetic beads** 

Note: Per 500 µL of protein sample add 20 µL Anti-HA Magnetic Beads. Perform the following procedures, according

to add 20 µL Anti-HA Magnetic Beads

(1)Add Anti-HA Magnetic Beads to a 1.5 mL centrifuge tube. Place the centrifuge tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack,

let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant.

(2)Add 1 mL 1×TBS to re-suspend Anti-HA Magnetic Beads, place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for

10 s, remove the supernatant, repeat 3 times. Add 20 μL1×TBS to re-suspend Anti-HA Magnetic Beads.

**C.Immunoprecipitation** 

(1)Add 500 µL protein samples to the processed Anti-HA Magnetic Beads, and incubate at room temperature for 1-2 h

or overnight at 4°C (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation).

Note: a) It is recommended to add Mouse IgG Magnetic Beads for immunoprecipitation in some samples as negative

control, which could exclude the non-specific binding of IgG to the target protein or other specific biological

molecules; b) In the case of very high background after immunoprecipitation using Anti-HA Magnetic Beads, it is

recommended that Mouse IgG Magnetic Beads be used to preprocess samples to eliminate non-specific adsorption,

then use Anti-HA Magnetic Beads for immunoprecipitation.

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(2) Place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant. **The supernatant can be** transferred to a new centrifuge tube to test the effect of immunoprecipitation.

(3) Add 1mL 1×TBS, and re-suspend Anti-HA Magnetic Beads, place the tube on a Magnetic Separation Rack, let stand for 10 s, remove the supernatant, repeat 3-5 times, until OD280 of the supernatant is lesser than 0.05.

(4) Elution

a) Denatured elution: This method is suitable for SDS-PAGE and Western Blotting analysis of elution samples. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer (Dilute the SDS-page Loading Buffer (5×) by 5 times with 1×TBS) to the tube and mix well, incubate at 100 °C for 5 min, then Centrifuge at 800 rpm for 1 min, and collect the supernatant to a new tube for SDS-PAGE and Western Blotting analysis.

b) Competitive elution of peptide: This method can maintain their original biological activity, elution can be used for functional analysis. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) Working HA Peptide to the tube and mix well, incubate at 4°C for 1-2 h (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation), then centrifuge at 800 rpm for 2 min at 4°C, and collect the supernatant which is HA-Tag protein and its complex to a new tube. In order to improve the elution efficiency, the incubation time can be Increased or repeat elution. Place HA-Tag protein and its complex on ice to be used, or store at -20°C/-80°C for long-term. It is recommended to add 100  $\mu$ L 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to beads precipitation to test the effect of elution.

c) Acid elution: This method can maintain their original biological activity, elution can be used for functional analysis. Add 100  $\mu$ L (5 times volume of Beads) Elution Buffer to the tube and mix well, incubate at room temperature for 5-10 min (It is recommended to use vertical rotating mixer with Low-speed rotation), then centrifuge at 800 rpm for 2 min at 4°C, and collect the supernatant which is HA-Tag protein and its complex to a new tube, and immediately add 10  $\mu$ L Neutralization Buffer to adjust the pH to 7.0-8.0. In order to improve the elution efficiency, elution can be repeated, and combine the same samples. Place HA-Tag protein and its complex on ice to be used, or store at -20°C/-80°C for long-term. It is recommended to add 100  $\mu$ L 1×SDS-PAGE Loading Buffer to beads precipitation to test the effect of immunoprecipitation and elution.

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the pH value of acidic eluent can be adjusted appropriately between 2.5-3.1, and the pH value or quantity of corresponding neutralizing solution should be adjusted appropriately. For example, 100  $\mu$ L Acid Elution Buffer (0.1 M Glycine-HCl, pH 2.8) and 15  $\mu$ L Neutralizing Buffer (1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5).

# **Typical Data**

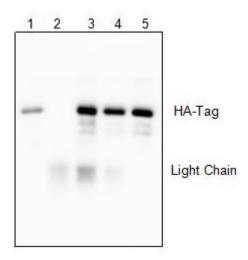


Fig. The immunoprecipitation effect of Anti-HA Magnetic IP Kit used for HA-Tag fusion protein. HEK293T cells were transfected with HA-Tag plasmid, after 48 h, cells were lysed using Non-Denaturing Lysis Buffer after transfection, and then the sample was used for immunoprecipitation

### FAQ

Problem	Cause	Suggested Solution	
	Protein is not completely eluted	Change elution methods	
		Make sure the protein of interest contains the	
	No target protein expressed	tagged protein by Western blotting or dot	
		blotting analyses	
	Very low protein expression level	1. Use larger volume of cell lysate	
Very few or no		2. Optimize expression conditions to raise the	
tagged protein exists		protein expression level	
in the eluate	Washes are too stringent	Reduce the time and number of washes	
	Incubation times are inadequate	Increase the incubation time	
	Interfering substance is present in sample	Lysates containing high concentration of DTT,	
		2-mercaptoethanol, or other reducing agents	
		may destroy antibody function, and must be	





Using proper controls to confirm binding a reactivity  2. Verify that the transfer was adequate by the prestained protein marker or staining the membrane with Ponceau S  3. Use fresh detection substrate or try and different detection system  Proteins bind nonspecifically to the monoclonal antibody, insufficient washing on magnetic beads, or the microcentrifuge tubes  Proteins bind nonspecifically to the monoclonal antibody, insufficient washing on magnetic beads, or the microcentrifuge tubes  Detection system is inadequate  2. Verify that the transfer was adequate by the prestained protein marker or staining the membrane with Ponceau S  3. Use fresh detection substrate or try and different detection system  1. Pre-clear lysate with Mouse IgG Magnet Beads to remove nonspecific binding protein transfer entire sample to a clean microcentrifuge tube before Magnetic separation  1. Increase the number of washes 2. Prolong duration of the washes, incubate each wash for at least 15 min 3. Choose other wash buffers. Increase the				
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	ne eluate		and/or detergent concentrations in the wash	
solutions			solutions	
4. Centrifuge at lower speed to avoid			4. Centrifuge at lower speed to avoid	
nonspecific trapping of denatured protein			nonspecific trapping of denatured proteins	
The protein is not stable at room  Immunoprecipitation of the target protein		The protein is not stable at room	Immunoprecipitation of the target protein at	
temperature lower temperature, such as 4°C			lower temperature such as 4°C	
iower temperature, such as 4 C		temperature	iowei temperature, such as 4 C	
Protein degradation due to proteases  Add protease inhibitors to cell lysate		Protein degradation due to proteases	Add protesse inhibitors to cell lyeste	
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## **Disclaimer**

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes.

