

EcoRI, Animal Free

Cat #: C-BSM2504S

Size: 5000 U

Storage: -20°C



Isoschizomers*: FunII

*Isoschizomers may have different methylation sensitivities.



Note: ADCF (animal derived component free), Animal Free

Components

Components	Amount
EcoRI, ADCF	5000 U
10× EcoRI Buffer	2×1 ml

Description

EcoRI, ADCF, which has been genetically engineered, is able to digest DNA in 5~15 minutes. It is can be used to digest plasmid DNA, PCR products, and genomic. EcoRI, ADCF has the following characteristics: rapid digestion within 5 to 15 minutes, excellent enzyme activity redundancy, easy handling of substrate excess or challenging template digestion. This enzyme is animal-derived component free.

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of EcoRI required to digest 1 μg of λDNA in 1 hour at 37°C in 50 μL of recommended reaction buffer.



Biogradetech

Heat Inactivation

Incubation at 80°C for 20 minutes.

Quality Control

Purification

Greater than 95% by SDS-PAGE.

Endonuclease residues

Incubate 20 U of EcoRI with supercoiled plasmid DNA at 37°C for 4 hours, no changes for the plasmid were detected in DNA electrophoresis.

Blue/White Screening Assay

An appropriate vector containing $lacZ\alpha$ gene is digested by 1 μ l EcoRI. The digested product is ligated and transformed into *E.coli* competent cell. On Luria-Bertani culture plate with X-Gal, IPTG and appropriate antibiotic, the successfully ligated β -galactosidase gene can be expressed and gives rise to a blue colony, while an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. ADCF restriction enzymes must produce fewer than 1% white colonies.

DNase residues

Incubate 20 U of EcoRI with double-stranded DNA at 37°C for 16 hours, no changes for the DNA were detected in DNA electrophoresis.

RNase residues

Incubate 20 U of EcoRI with RNA at 37°C for 1 hour, no degradation for the RNA was detected in electrophoresis

Ligation and Recuting

After digestion with 20 U of EcoRI at optimal reaction temperature, the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase(Fast) at 22°C. Of these ligated fragments, most of them can be recut with EcoRI as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Host DNA residues





The nucleic acid residues in the enzyme solution were detected by TaqMan qPCR specific for *E.coli* 16S rDNA, less than 10 pg *E.coli* genome residues were detected.

Host Protein residues

The *E.coli* host protein was determined by ELISA to be less than 50 ppm.

Sterility

No E. coli was detected.

Endotoxin residues

< 10 EU/mg

Icon Descriptions

 Inis This	enzyme will dige	est unit substrate in 5	5~15 minutes unde	er recommended	reaction con	ditions
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- 37 The enzyme's optimum reaction temperature is 37°C.
- CpG Cleavage with this restriction enzyme may be blocked or impaired when the substrate DNA is methylated by the CpG methylase.
- The enzyme can be heat inactivated at by incubation 80°C for 20 minutes.
- ★ 3 hours incubation do not show star activity, but longer incubation may result in star activity.
- This enzyme is animal-derived component free.

Method of application

1. Protocol for Fast DNA Digestion

(1) Combine the following reaction components on ice in the order indicated:

	DNA
ddH₂O	Up To 50 μl
10× EcoRI Buffer(ADCF)	5 μΙ
DNA ^a	1 μg
EcoRI, ADCF	10-20 U
Total	

a. The DNA substrate should not contain phenol, chloroform, ethanol, EDTA, detergent or high concentration salt, otherwise

it will affect the enzyme activities of EcoRI, ADCF; Methylated DNA will inhibit digestion for certain restriction enzymes.





- (2) Mix gently (Do not vortex) and spin down;
- ③ Incubate at 37°C for 15 min-60 min, generally recommended 5~10 U enzyme /μg DNA, 10~20 U enzyme /μg genomic DNA, warm bath for 1 h, if overnight enzyme digestion is required, please adjust the enzyme amount to 1U;
- 4 Inactivate the enzyme by heating for 20 minutes at 80°C, or terminate the reaction by column-based or phenol/chloroform purification.
- (5) The volume of enzyme added to the reaction should not exceed 10% of the total volume to avoid excessive glycerol, which may lead to star activity.
- (6) The additives in the storage buffer of restriction endonucleases (such as glycerol and salts) and contaminants in the substrate (such as salts, EDTA, or ethanol, etc.) are similar. The smaller the reaction volume, the stronger the inhibitory on the enzyme digestion reaction.

(7) For small-scale reaction, the recommended reaction components are as follows.

DNA	0.1 μg	0.5 μg
EcoRI, ADCF	1 U	5 U
10× EcoRI Buffer	1 μΙ	2.5 μΙ
Total	10 μl ^b	 25 μl

b. To avoid evaporation, the incubation time of the 10 μ l reaction buffer should not exceed 1 h.

Number of Recognition Sites in DNA

λDNA	ФХ174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	SV40	M13mp18/19	Adeno2
5	0	1	1	1	1	1	5

Methylation Effects on Digestion

Dam	Dcm	CpG	EcoKI	EcoBI
No effect	No effect	Some Blocked	No effect	No effect

