

# **Bsal, Animal Free**

Cat #: C-BSM1502S, C-BSM1502H

Size: 10000 U(20 U/uL), 10000 U(100 U/uL)

Storage: -20°C

5'...G G T C T C(N)<sub>1</sub>...3' 3'...C C A G A G(N)<sub>5</sub>...5'



Note:ADCF(animal derived component free), animal-derived component free Free

## **Components**

Components	C-BSM1502S	C-BSM1502H
Bsal, ADCF	10000 U(20 U/uL)	10000 U(100 U/uL)
10× Bsal Buffer	8×1.25 ml	8×1.25 ml

## Description

Bsal, ADCF, which has been genetically engineered, is able to digest DNA in 5~15 minutes. It can be used to digest plasmid DNA, PCR products, and genomic. Bsal, ADCF has the following characteristics: rapid digestion within 5 to 15 minutes, excellent enzyme activity redundancy, easy handling of substrate excess or challenging template digestion.

This enzyme is animal-derived component free.

#### **Unit Definition**

One unit is defined as the amount of Bsal required to digest 1  $\mu g$  of pPIC9K DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in 50  $\mu L$  of recommended reaction buffer.

### **Heat Inactivation**

Incubation at 80°C for 20 minutes.





## **Quality Control**

#### **Purification**

Greater than 95% by SDS-PAGE.

#### **Endonuclease residues**

Incubate 20 U of Bsal with supercoiled plasmid DNA at 37°C for 4 hours, no changes for the plasmid were detected in DNA electrophoresis.

#### **Exonuclease residues**

Incubate 20 U of Bsal with double-stranded DNA substrate at 37°C for 16 hours, no changes for the substrate were detected in DNA electrophoresis.

### **Ligation and Recuting**

After digestion with 20 U of Bsal at optimal reaction temperature, the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (Fast) at 22°C. Of these ligated fragments, most of them can be recut with Bsal as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

#### **Host DNA residues**

The nucleic acid residues in the enzyme solution were detected by TaqMan qPCR specific for *E.coli* 16S rDNA, less than 10 pg *E.coli* genome residues were detected.

#### **Host Protein residues**

The *E.coli* host protein was determined by ELISA to be less than 50 ppm.

#### Sterility

No E. coli was detected.

#### **Endotoxin residues**

< 10 EU/mg





## **Icon Descriptions**

- ✓ This enzyme will digest unit substrate in 5~15 minutes under recommended reaction conditions.
- The enzyme's optimum reaction temperature is 37°C.
- CpG Cleavage with this restriction enzyme may be blocked or impaired when the substrate DNA is methylated by the CpG methylase.
- Dcm Cleavage with this restriction enzyme may be blocked or impaired when the substrate DNA is methylated by the Dcm methylase.
- Cleavage with this restriction enzyme may be blocked or impaired when the substrate DNA is methylated by the EcoBI methylase.
- The enzyme can be heat inactivated at by incubation 80°C for 20 minutes.
- 3 hours incubation do not show star activity, but longer incubation may result in star activity.
- This enzyme is animal-derived component free.

## Method of application

### 1. Protocol for Fast DNA Digestion

(1) Combine the following reaction components on ice in the order indicated:

	DNA
ddH₂O	To 50 μl
10× Bsal Buffer	5 μl
DNA <sup>a</sup>	1 μg
Bsal, ADCF	10-20 U
Total	

- a. The DNA substrate should not contain phenol, chloroform, ethanol, EDTA, detergent or high concentration salt, otherwise it will affect the enzyme activities of Bsal, ADCF; Methylated DNA will inhibit digestion for certain restriction enzymes.
- 2 Mix gently(Do not vortex) and spin down;
- (3) Incubate at 37°C for 15 min-60 min, generally recommended 5~10 U enzyme /μg DNA, 10~20 U enzyme /μg genomic DNA, warm bath for 1 h, if overnight enzyme digestion is required, please adjust the enzyme amount to 1U;
- 4 Inactivate the enzyme by heating for 20 minutes at 80°C, Or terminate the reaction by column-based or phenol/chloroform purification.





- (5) The volume of enzyme added to the reaction should not exceed 10% of the total volume to avoid excessive glycerol, which may lead to star activity.
- 6 The additives in the storage buffer of restriction endonucleases (such as glycerol and salts) and contaminants in the substrate (such as salts, EDTA, or ethanol, etc.) are similar. The smaller the reaction volume, the stronger the inhibitory on the enzyme digestion reaction.
- (7) For small-scale reaction, the recommended reaction components are as follows.

DNA	0.1 μg	0.5 μg
Bsal, ADCF	1 U	5 U
10× Bsal Buffer	1 μΙ	2.5 μΙ
Total	10 μl <sup>b</sup>	25 μl

b. To avoid evaporation, the incubation time of the 10 µl reaction buffer should not exceed 1 h.

## **Number of Recognition Sites in DNA**

λDNA	ФХ174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	SV40	M13mp18/19	Adeno2
2	0	1	1	1	0	0	1

## **Methylation Effects on Digestion**

Dam	Dcm	CpG	EcoKI	EcoBI
No effect	Blocked	Blocked	No effect	Some Blocked

